-PRODUCT INFORMATION -

Page 1

11-67

Compactron Dissimilar Double Pentode

6BF11

TURFS

AUDIO POWER PENTODE

QUADRATURE FM DETECTOR

LOW HUM

140 VOLTS B+

The 6BF11 is a compactron containing a sharp-cutoff, dual-control pentode (Section 2) and a power pentode (Section 1). The dual-control pentode is intended for use as an FM detector and the power pentode as an audio-frequency output amplifier in television receivers. The power output pentode features relatively high dynamic plate resistance which results in minimizing hum currents in the plate circuit due to power supply ripple.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL

Cathode - Coated Unipotential Heater Characteristics and Ratings Heater Voltage, AC or DC* . . 6.3±0.6 Volts Heater Current‡. 1.2 Amperes Direct Interelectrode Capacitances§ Section 1 Grid-Number 1 to Plate: (1gl to 1p) . Input: lgl to (h + lk + lg2 + b.p. +i.s.) 13 рf Output: 1p to (h + 1k + 1g2 + b.p. +i.s.) 10 Section 2 Grid-Number 1 to Plate: (2g1 to 2p) . 0.036 pf Grid-Number 3 to Plate: (2g3 to 2p) . Grid-Number 1 to All Except Plate:

Section 2 (Cont'd)

Grid-Number 3 to All: 2g3 to (h + 2k +2g1 + 2g2 + 2p + i.s.Grid-Number 1 to Grid-Number 3: (2g1 to 2g3). . . . 0.11 pf

Coupling

Plate (Section 2) to Plate (Section 2): (1p to 2p) 0.13 pf

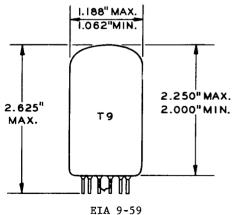
MECHANICAL

Operating Position - Any Envelope - T-9, Glass Base - E12-70, Button 12-Pin Outline Drawing - EIA 9-59

Maximum Diameter 1.188 Inches Minimum Diameter . 1.062 Inches Maximum Over-all Length . . 2.625 Inches Maximum Seated Height. . . 2.250 Inches Minimum Seated Height. . 2.000 Inches

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

2g1 to (h + 2k + 2g2 + 2g3 + i.s.)



TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

Pin 1 - Heater

6.5 pf

Pin 2 - Cathode (Section 2) and Internal Shield

Pin 3 - Grid Number 1 (Section 2)

Pin 4 - No Connection

Pin 5 - Grid Number 3 (Suppressor)

(Section 2)

2.250" MAX. Pin 6 - Grid Number 2 (Screen)

(Section 2)

Pin 7 - Plate (Section 2)

Pin 8 - Grid Number 1 (Section 1)

Pin 9 - Cathode and Beam Plates

(Section 1)

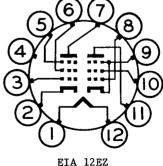
Pin 10 - Grid Number 2 (Screen)

(Section 1)

Pin 11 - Plate (Section 1)

Pin 12 - Heater

BASING DIAGRAM



The tubes and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of tubes by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of tubes with other devices or elements. In the absence of an

express written agreement to the contrary, General Electric Company assumes no liability for patent infringement arising out of any use of the tubes with other devices or elements by any purchaser of tubes or others.





MAXIMUM RATINGS

DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES

SECTIO	N	1
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Plate Voltage	Volts
Screen Voltage	Volts
Plate Dissipation	Watts
Screen Dissipation	Watts
DC Cathode Current	Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage	_
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode	
DC Component	Volts
Total DC and Peak	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode	
Total DC and Peak	Volts
Grid Circuit Resistance	
With Fixed Bias	Megohms
With Cathode Bias	Megohms
SECTION 2	
Plate Voltage	Volts
Suppressor Voltage	Volts
Screen Supply Voltage	Volts
Screen Voltage - See Screen Rating Chart	, , ,
Positive DC Grid-Number 1 Voltage	Volts
Plate Dissipation	Watts
Screen Dissipation	Watts
Heater-Cathode Voltage	
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode	
DC Component	Volts
Total DC and Peak	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode	-
Total DC and Peak	Volts

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

CLASS A, AMPLIFIER

SECTION 1		
Plate Voltage	e	

Plate Voltage	•	•	•			•	•	•	•		•	•	•		. 145	Volts
Screen Voltage			•		•						•				. 110	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage										•					-6.0	Volts
Peak AF Grid-Number 1 Voltage			•						•	•					. 6.0	Volts
Plate Resistance, approximate										•					30000	Ohms
Transconductance															8600	Micromhos
Zero-Signal Plate Current												•			. 36	Milliamperes
Maximum-Signal Plate Current.															. 40	Milliamperes
Zero-Signal Screen Current .							•								. 3.0	Milliamperes
Maximum-Signal Screen Current															. 9.0	Milliamperes
Load Resistance				•			•								3000	Ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion, app	rox	ima	te												. 10	Percent
Maximum-Signal Power Output .					•										. 2.4	Watts

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION (Cont'd)

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

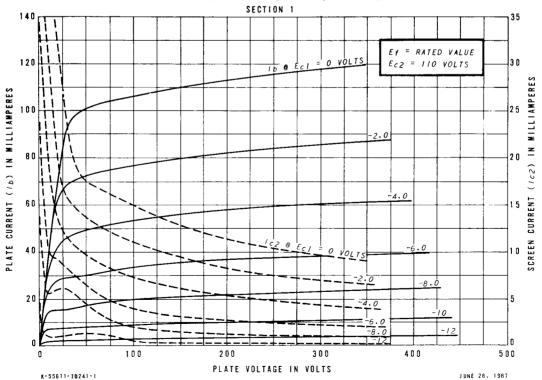
SECTION 2

Plate Voltage						•			•	•		. 150	Volts
Suppressor Voltage													Volts
Screen Voltage												. 100	Volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor												. 560	Ohms
Plate Resistance, approximate												0.15	Megohms
Grid-Number 1 Transconductance												1000	Micromhos
Grid-Number 3 Transconductance												. 400	Micromhos
Plate Current												. 1.3	Milliamperes
Screen Current												. 2.0	Milliamperes
Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximately	mat	e											
Ib = 10 Microamperes												-4.5	Volts
Grid-Number 3 Voltage, approxi													
Ib = 10 Microamperes												- 4.5	Volts

NOTES

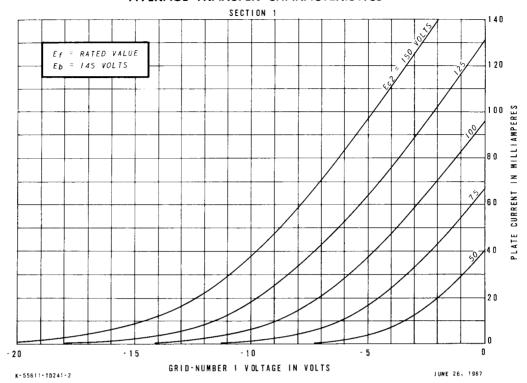
- * The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.
- # Heater current of a bogey tube at Ef = 6.3 volts.
- § Without external shield.

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

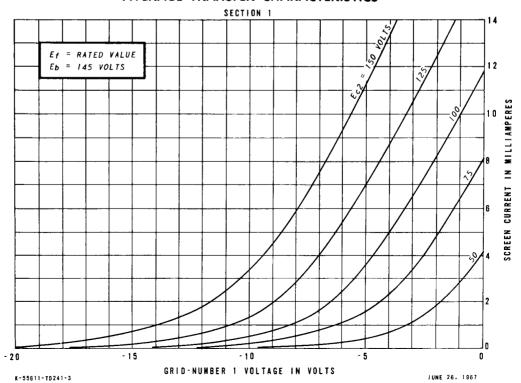




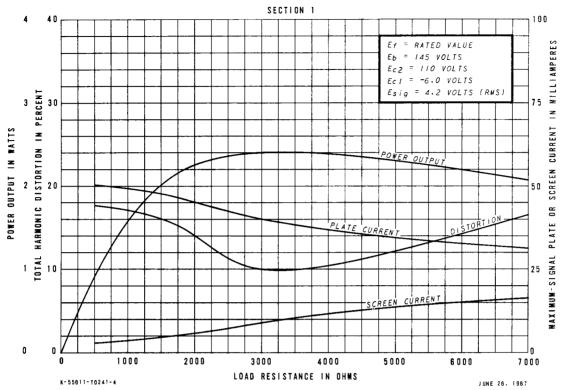
AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

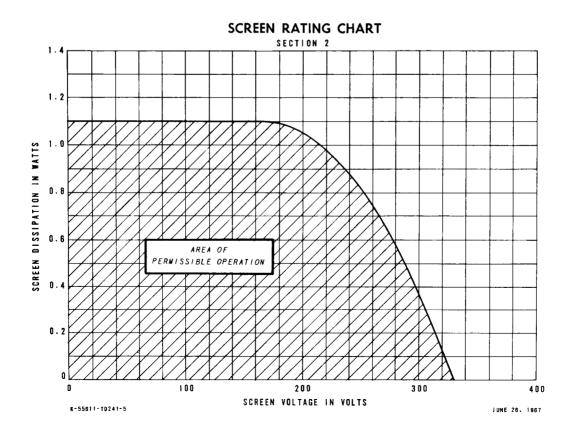


AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



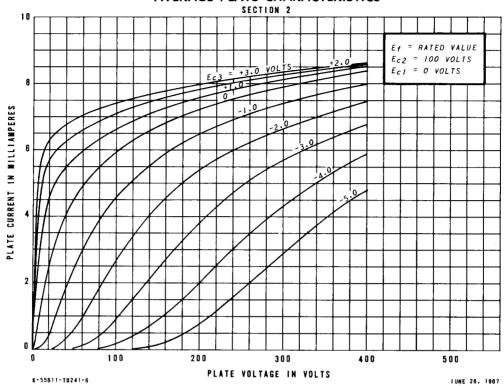
OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



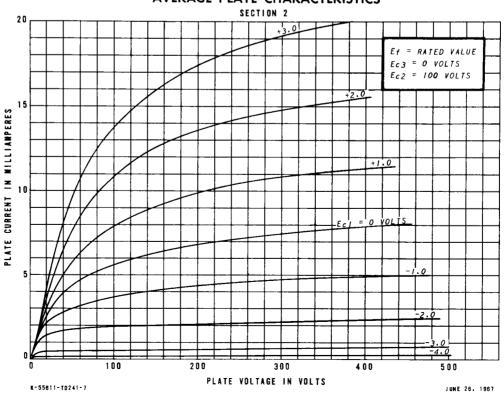




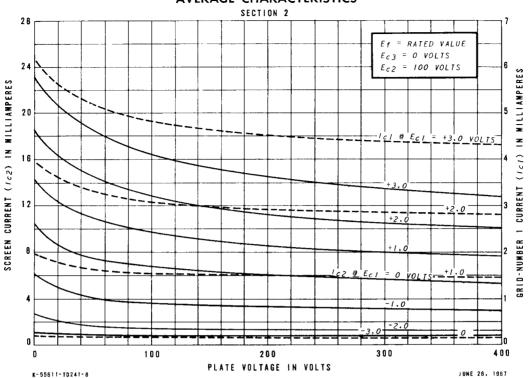




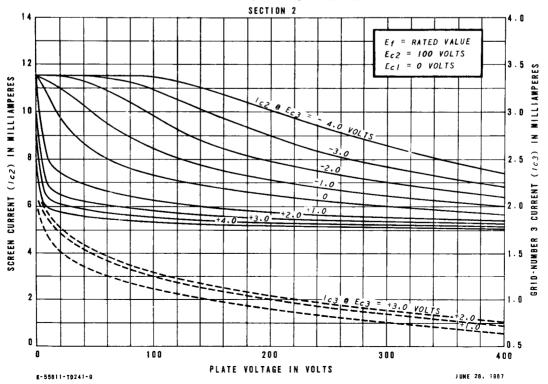
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

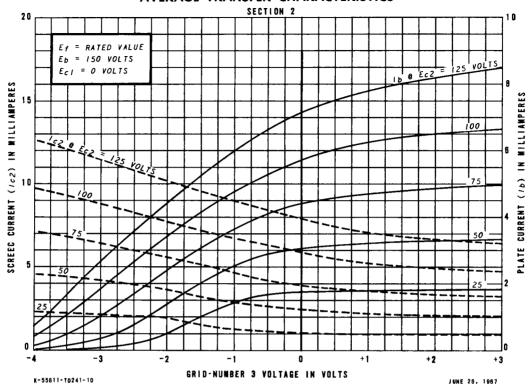




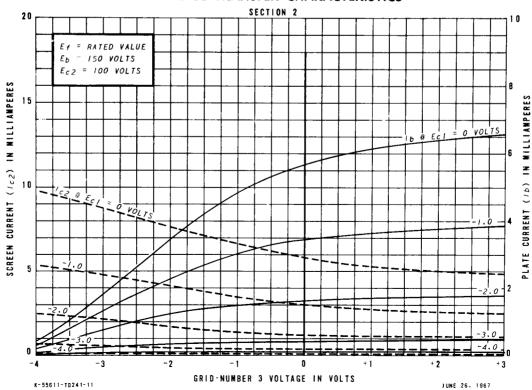




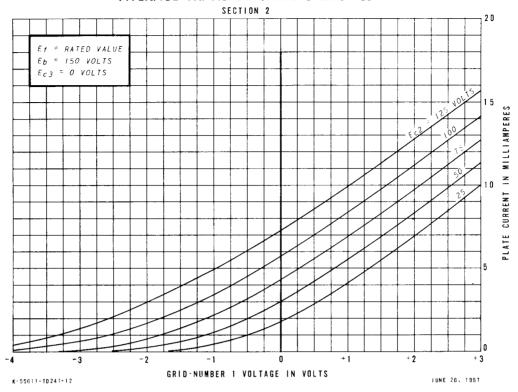




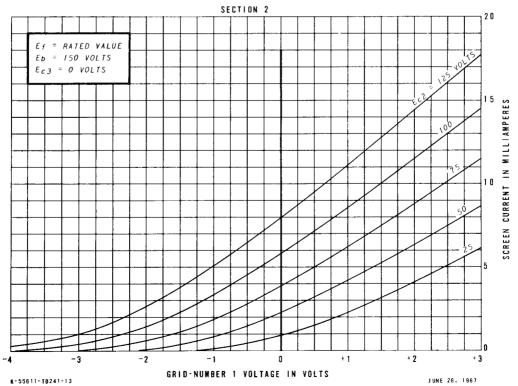




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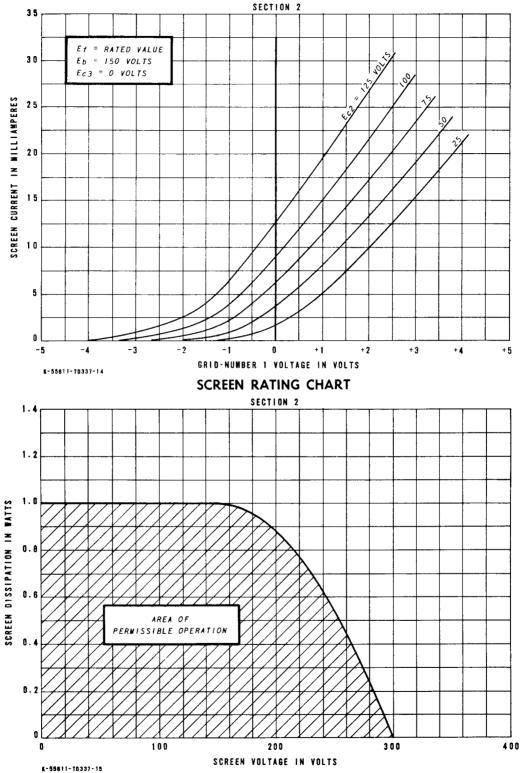


AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



6AD10-A
Page 10
8-71

AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



TUBE PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT Owensboro, Kentucky 42301

